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I. Table of Contents

II. Introduction

I am sending this document to add new standard to C++. When a single thread tries locking on the same mutex `std::mutex` it creates a deadlock.

E.g.

```
#include <mutex>
```

```
mutex mut;
```

```
mut lock;
```

```
mut lock; // This creates a deadlock on same thread which is not required.
```

My proposal is to check for thread ID while locking on a mutex using `std::this_thread::get_id()` or other means.

III. Motivation and Scope

In My project there is a situation where same thread locked on mutex creating deadlock. So i have written my own mutex to handle this problem. It should be included in C++ standard. It will support novice programmers. It is not used till now, it is my own technology.

The thread ID can be checked as follows.

```
struct Mutex1
{
    public:
        Mutex1();
        ~Mutex1();

        void lock();
        void unlock();

        //bool SetThreadIDBeforeLocking(uint64_t thread_id);

    private:
        std::mutex m_Mutex;
        uint64_t m_ThreadID;
        bool m_LockMutex;
        bool m_MutexIsLocked;
};
```

```

Mutex1::Mutex1()
{
    m_LockMutex = true;
    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
    m_ThreadID = 0;
}

Mutex1::~Mutex1()
{
    //m_LockMutex = true;
    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
}

void Mutex1::lock()
{
    uint64_t thread_id = std::hash<std::thread::id>{}(std::this_thread::get_id());
    if(m_ThreadID == thread_id)
    {
        // Locking on same thread. Do not allow.
    }
    else
    {
        m_ThreadID = thread_id;
        m_MutexIsLocked = true;
        m_Mutex.lock();
    }
}

void Mutex1::unlock()
{
    if(m_MutexIsLocked)
    {
        m_Mutex.unlock();
        m_MutexIsLocked = false;
        //m_LockMutex = true;
        m_ThreadID = 0;
    }

    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
}

```

IV. Impact On the Standard

It depends on `std::mutex`, `std::thread` (`std::this_thread::get_id()`). It requires changes to standard components. It can be implemented using current C++ compilers and libraries.

V. Design Decisions

In my project there is lot of code and keeping track of mutexes is difficult. So i created standard mutex to handle the situation of deadlock due to single thread. I wrote my own standard mutex. A mutex should acquire lock on same thread twice.

VI. Technical Specifications

This is the code for standard mutex

```
struct Mutex1
{
    public:
        Mutex1();
        ~Mutex1();

        void lock();
        void unlock();

        //bool SetThreadIDBeforeLocking(uint64_t thread_id);

    private:
        std::mutex m_Mutex;
        uint64_t m_ThreadID;
        bool m_LockMutex;
        bool m_MutexIsLocked;
};

Mutex1::Mutex1()
{
    m_LockMutex = true;
    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
    m_ThreadID = 0;
}

Mutex1::~~Mutex1()
{
    //m_LockMutex = true;
    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
}

void Mutex1::lock()
{
    uint64_t thread_id = std::hash<std::thread::id>{}(std::this_thread::get_id());
    if(m_ThreadID == thread_id)
    {
        // Locking on same thread. Do not allow.
    }
}
```

```
else
{
    m_ThreadID = thread_id;
    m_MutexIsLocked = true;
    m_Mutex.lock();
}
}

void Mutex1::unlock()
{
    if(m_MutexIsLocked)
    {
        m_Mutex.unlock();
        m_MutexIsLocked = false;
        //m_LockMutex = true;
        m_ThreadID = 0;
    }

    m_MutexIsLocked = false;
}
```

VII. Acknowledgements

VIII. References